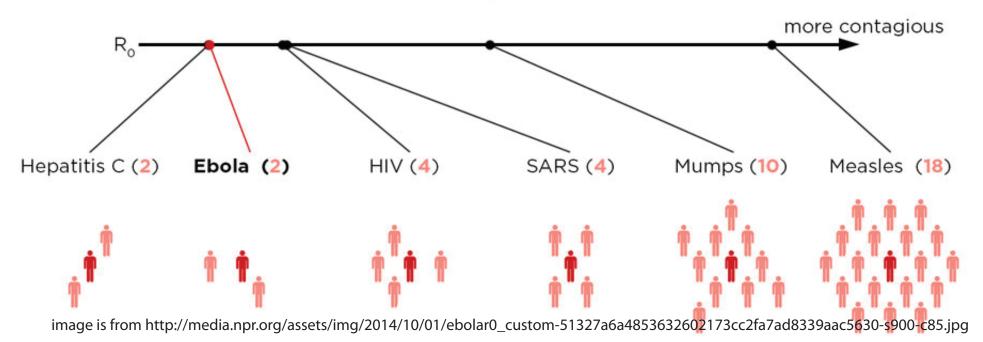
$R_0$  is used to represent the "basic reproduction number" of a pathogen. Epidemic expected to spread if this number > 1 and expected not to spread if < 1.

## (Crude) Rule of Thumb: Vaccinate at least $1-1/R_0$ to stop epidemic.

The number of **people** that **one sick person** will infect (on average) is called  $R_0$ . Here are the maximum  $R_0$  values for a few viruses.



- R<sub>e</sub> is "effective reproduction number" (how many people on average does each newly infected person infect after the epidemic has being going for a while?)
- R<sub>t</sub> is how many people on average does each person infect when the person is newly infected at time t

## SIR models : Susceptible / Infected / Recovered

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dS}{dt} &= -\beta SI \\ \frac{dI}{dt} &= \beta SI - \delta I \\ \frac{dR}{dt} &= \delta I \end{aligned}$$

Interactions between Susceptible and Infected depend on product of S and I. β describes rate at which these interactions become infections

 $\delta is \mbox{ rate at which infected recover }$ 

t is time

 $(\beta/\delta = R0!)$ 

SIR models are one sort of "Compartmental Model"

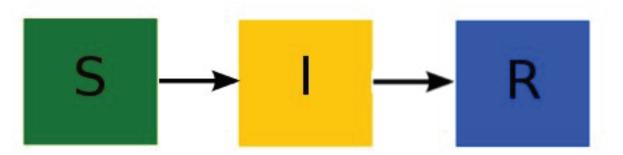


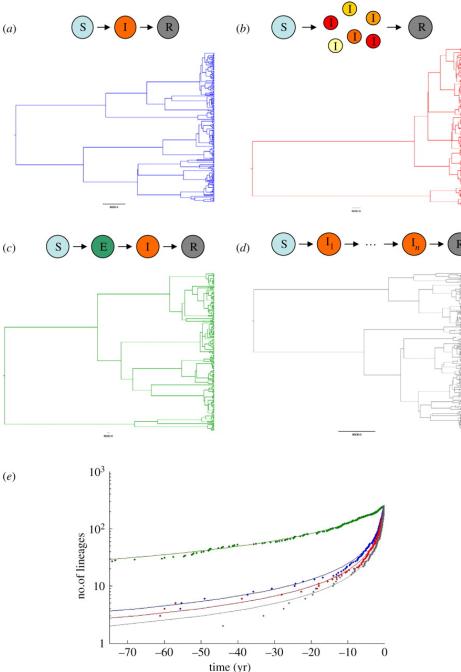
image is from
http://sherrytowers.com/wp-content/uploads/2012/12/sir\_compartment.jpg

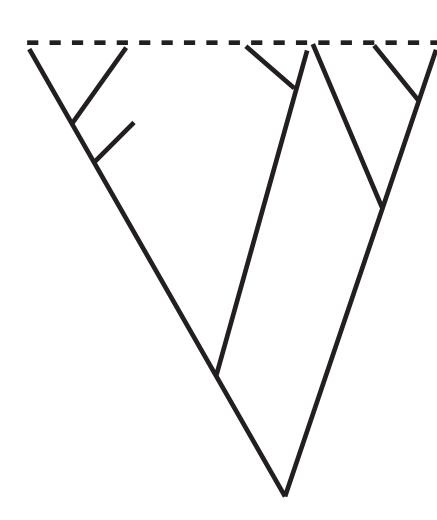
## Epidemiological model affects (a) viral geneaology

Simulated genealogies for the four classes of epidemiological models considered, each starting with 250 homochronous tips.

- A. SIS / SIR / SIRS (Susceptible, Infected, Recovered)
  - **B.** Supershedding
- C. Exposed but not yet infectious
  - **D. Variable Infectious Period**
- E. Lines are expected lineages through time

Figure 1 from Koelle K , and Rasmussen D A J. R. Soc. Interface2012;9:997-1007 (slightly modified) ©2012 by The Royal Society





**Serially Sampled Data** 

(1) Genetic data allow tree inference.

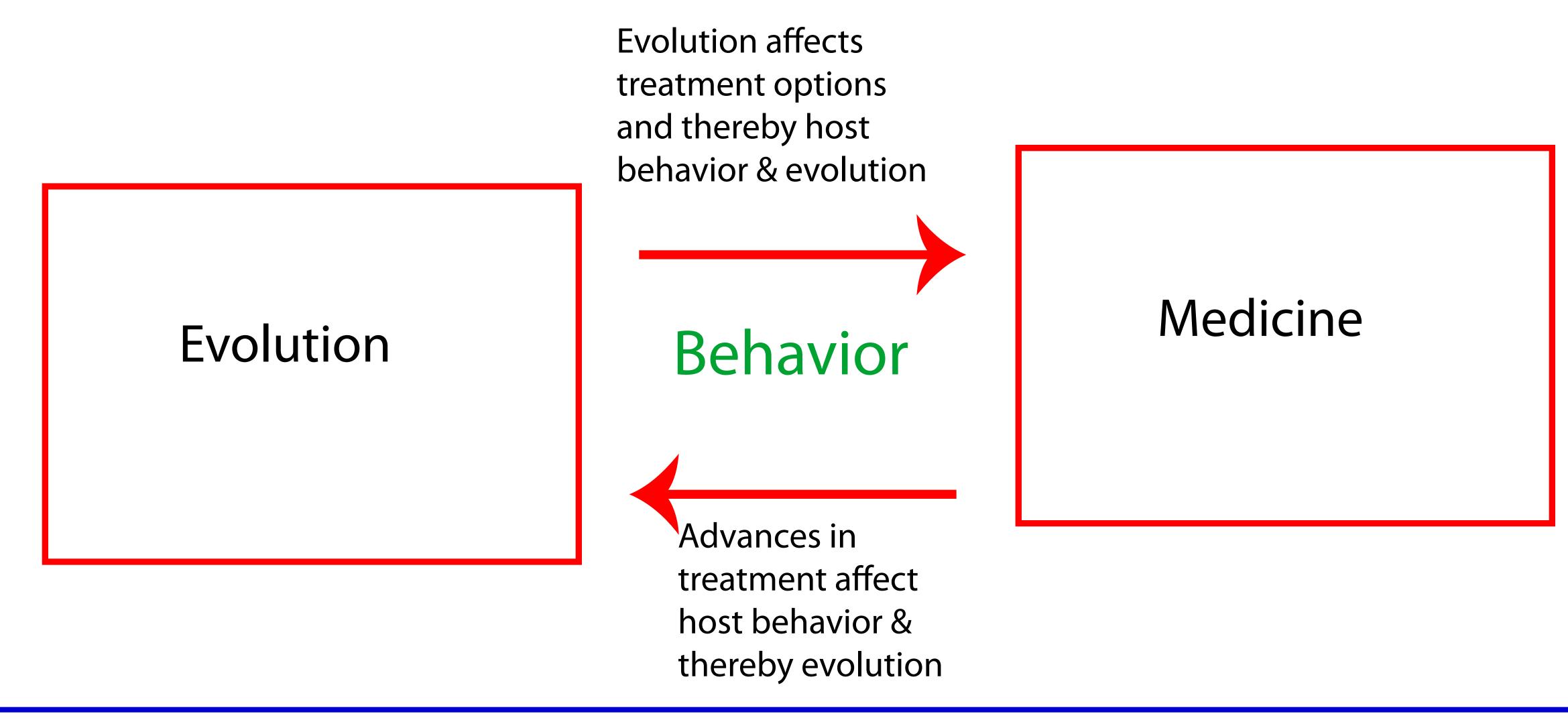
(2) Tree shows coalescence events.

(3) Coalescences inform how population size (#infected people) has changed over time.

(4) This tells us about epidemiology parameters.

Lots of uncertainty!

Initial Evo+Epi Studies limited by Iack of viral genetic diversity (pers. comm. David Rasmussen)



"... Under current California law, it is felony offense punishable by 3 to 8 years in prison. The new law, which was signed by Brown on Oct. 6 and takes effect January 1, changes this to a misdemeanor, carrying a 6-month prison term — the same punishment as knowingly exposing someone to other communicable diseases. ..."

from https://www.nbcnews.com/feature/nbc-out/new-california-law-reduces-penalty-knowingly-exposing-someone-hiv-n809416

Oct. 13, 2017 NBC News Headline: "New California Law Reduces Penalty for Knowingly Exposing Someone to HIV"

